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27. Special points should be fixed by agreement with the Chinese Government for delivering over the sick, persons under observation, and dead bodies from steamers on the Sungari.

28. Chinese steamers which do not satisfy the requirements for Russian vessels should not be permitted to pass into the Amur.

29. A medical inspection station and a guard boat should be placed at the confluence of the Sungari and the Amur to keep a watch over steamers and Chinese junks.

30. Russian vessels navigating the Ussuri are also subject to the rules established for the Amur. They should not be allowed to pass into the Amur till they have been inspected at the quarantine station near Kazakievitcha. Chinese should not be allowed to pass to the Russian side except through the quarantine stations at Iman and Kazakievitcha. Supervision over vessels on the Ussuri should be exercised by medical inspection stations at Veniukovo, Kozlofskaya, Kniazheskaya, and Ilinskaya.

#### MEASURES TO BE TAKEN ON THE LAND FRONTIER.

31. For the passing of Chinese into Russian territory along the land frontier quarantine stations should be established at the following places in the Trans-Baikal Province: Kiakhta, Urluk, Aksha, Borzya, Staro-Tsuruhaitui, Alachinsk, and Ust-Uroff; and in the Maritime Province at Hansi, Hunchun, and Poltavka.

32. The conference emphasizes the importance of immediately organizing scouting parties to collect information as to the extent of the plague epidemic in the Chinese villages near our frontiers, whether along the rivers or on the land frontier.

#### MEASURES TO BE TAKEN IN CITIES AND OTHER SETTLEMENTS.

Articles 33 to 46, inclusive, contain general instructions for preventive work in the interior of the Russian dominions and include little of special interest. Article 40 expresses the opinion that cities in which Chinese and Koreans live should exercise as soon as possible the right given them by law to segregate these nationalities in special quarters set apart for them. In article 41 it is stated that the summary forcible expulsion of Chinese en masse from those cities where they live crowded together is not, in the opinion of the conference, an expedient measure.

#### MEASURES TO BE TAKEN ON THE SEACOAST.

47. All vessels from China, before entering Russian ports, should be required to proceed to the Vladivostok quarantine station to obtain free pratique. All Chinese arriving on such vessels should be kept in quarantine five days.

48. No such vessels should be allowed to have communication with the shore in any port unless they have a certificate of health.

49. The Vladivostok quarantine station should immediately be provided with the proper equipment and staff to perform these functions.

50. In order to prevent vessels which have not complied with the requirements of article 47 from entering the Amur, a guard ship should be placed at De Castries.

#### MEASURES IN CONNECTION WITH THE MOVEMENT OF IMMIGRANTS.

Articles 51 to 63, inclusive, deal with the precautions to be taken in connection with the transportation of immigrants. It was decided that the movement of immigrants to the Trans-Baikal and Amur Provinces should not be stopped on account of the plague epidemic, but that they should change trains at the frontier, and that when passing through or near Chinese settlements where plague cases had been discovered the immigrants should not be allowed to leave their cars. It was advised also that they be shipped in passenger cars instead of heated freight cars as usual.

#### DOMINICAN REPUBLIC.

##### Santiago de los Caballeros—Yellow Fever.

During the past year there has been present to an unusual extent in Santiago de los Caballeros and vicinity a disease which appears to be without doubt yellow fever. Santiago de los Caballeros is a town of about 10,000 inhabitants, situated in the northern part of the Dominican Republic, on the Yaqui River, 20 miles southeast of the seaport, Puerto Plata. Cases of the disease have occurred for several years. The fatal cases are limited largely to foreigners. The disease seems to be endemic.